

Major interventions framed under NUHM

A). Planning

- I. Baseline survey, mapping of the urban slums, facility assessment & vulnerable assessment of the slums to be conducted in all identified cities/towns
- II. Establishment/up gradation/strengthening of the Urban Primary Health Centres (UPHCs) in every 50-60 thousand population.
- III. Establishment of one Urban Community Health Centre (UCHC) comprising of 5-6 UPHCs or 2.5 urban populations in cities with above five lakh populations.
- IV. Preparation of State Program Implementation Plan and City Implementation Plan
- V. Special focus to vulnerable population (authorized/listed slums, un-authorized slums, others like homeless, rag-pickers, street children, migrants, slum dwellers, rickshaw pullers, construction and brick workers deprived community & others)
- VI. The migrant and poor living in the peri-urban areas(outside and adjacent)to the ULBs would be provided health services
- VII. Establishment of "City Program Management Unit" with 1-3 human resource in 1 to 10 lakhs population cities/towns.
- VIII. Incorporate the non communicable disease as part of the Urban component of NHM.

B). Institutional Strengthening:

- i) Reorganization of the State Health Mission with addition of Minister, Housing & Urban Development in Mission and concerned Secretary in the State society. The District Health Mission and City Health Mission would be formed accordingly.
- ii) The MD, NRHM will also act as MD, NUHM.
- iii) The State "Urban Health Cell" needs to be created within SPMU and DPMUs with adequate and appropriate HR

C). Community Process:

- i) In the community process, Mahila Arogya Samiti (MAS) will be formed in the slums covering 50-100 households. Existing CBOs could be utilized for the same purpose. Provision of untied fund for MAS.

D). Engagement of Human Resources:

- i) Engagement of ASHAs in 200-500 households in slum/ 1500 slum population.
- ii) Engagement of ANMs in 10,000-12,000 urban population. They would have a clearly defined area of operation where they will be conducting outreach session as per the NUHM norms.

E). Co-ordination and convergence:

- i) Co-ordination of city level NUHM activities through the City Co-ordination Committee.

- ii) The ULBs will involve in program implementation and State will take decisions regarding handover the capacity to cities/towns for management of the programs.
- iii) Establishment of Inter & Inter sectoral convergence with various departments and schemes like RAY, JNNURM, BSUP, IHSDP, RAY, SJSRY, WCD, Education, Water supply and sanitation etc.
- iv) NUHM to provide a system for convergence of all Disease Control Programmes, including communicable and non-communicable diseases (through integrated planning at the City level)

F) Budget

- i. The Budget share between centre and state would be 75% and 25 % upto 2017. The funding pattern for North Eastern states and special category states of Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand will be 90:10.

G) Others

- i. Engaging the private organizations/ NGOs/ public sector companies/ commercial companies and utilization of their CSR funds for the urban poor.
- ii. The Existing HIMS and MCTS will extend to urban areas and Integrated MIS (including health, nutrition, water, sanitation)
- iii. MHU (Mobile Health Unit) or MMUs for migrants and urban poor.
- iv. Mobile Sauchalaya (toilet)/Mobile shift toilet in unauthorized slums.
- v. All services in all facilities (urban and rural) should be free and withdrawal of user fees from the patient in Govt. hospitals.